

Frobenius Divisibility, part I

Theorem (Frobenius):

$\varphi: G \rightarrow GL(V)$ irreducible representation

$d := \dim V$, $n := |G|$

$\Rightarrow d \mid n$

Idea: $\varphi: G \rightarrow GL(V)$ irrep, $\dim V = d$.

Define: $T_g := \sum_{x \in \text{Cl}(g)} \varphi_x \in \text{Hom}_G(\varphi, \varphi)$
 $[\varphi_a T_g \varphi_a^{-1} = T_g \quad \forall a \in G]$

φ irreducible, Schur $\Rightarrow T_g = \lambda_g I$

and $\lambda_g = \frac{|\text{Cl}(g)|}{d} \chi(g)$

$[\text{Tr}(T_g) = |\text{Cl}(g)| \chi(g) = \lambda_g d]$

$$S := \sum_{g \in G} \chi(g^{-1}) \varphi_g = \sum_{x_i} \chi(x_i^{-1}) T_{x_i}$$

$\{x_i\}$ = set of representatives of conjugacy classes of G

$$\text{Tr}(S) = \frac{n}{n} \sum_g \underbrace{\chi(g^{-1}) \chi(g)}_{\chi(g)} = n \cdot \langle \chi, \chi \rangle = n$$

$$= \sum_{x_i} \chi(x_i^{-1}) \text{Tr}(\lambda_{x_i} I) = \sum_{x_i} \chi(x_i^{-1}) \lambda_{x_i} d$$

WTS
an integer

$$\frac{n}{d} = \sum_{x_i} \chi(x_i^{-1}) \lambda_{x_i}$$

Let R be the subgroup of $(\mathbb{C}, +)$
generated by the set of elements

$$\{ \zeta^i \lambda_g \mid 0 \leq i < n, g \in G \}$$

where $\zeta = e^{2\pi i/n}$ $n = |G|$

Claim: $\frac{n}{d} = \sum_{x_i} \chi(x_i^{-1}) \lambda_{x_i} \in R$

$$\chi(g) = \text{Tr}(\rho_g) = \sum_j \zeta^{mj}$$

$$\rho_g \sim \text{diag}(\zeta^{m_1}, \dots, \zeta^{m_d})$$

$$\underline{d(g) \mid |G| = n}$$

Claim: $\frac{n}{d} \in R_n \mathbb{Q} = \mathbb{Z} \Leftrightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow d \mid n$